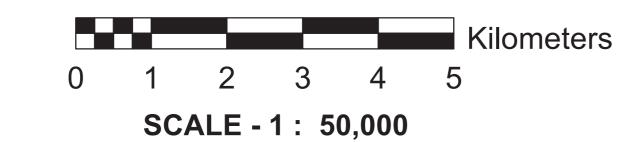
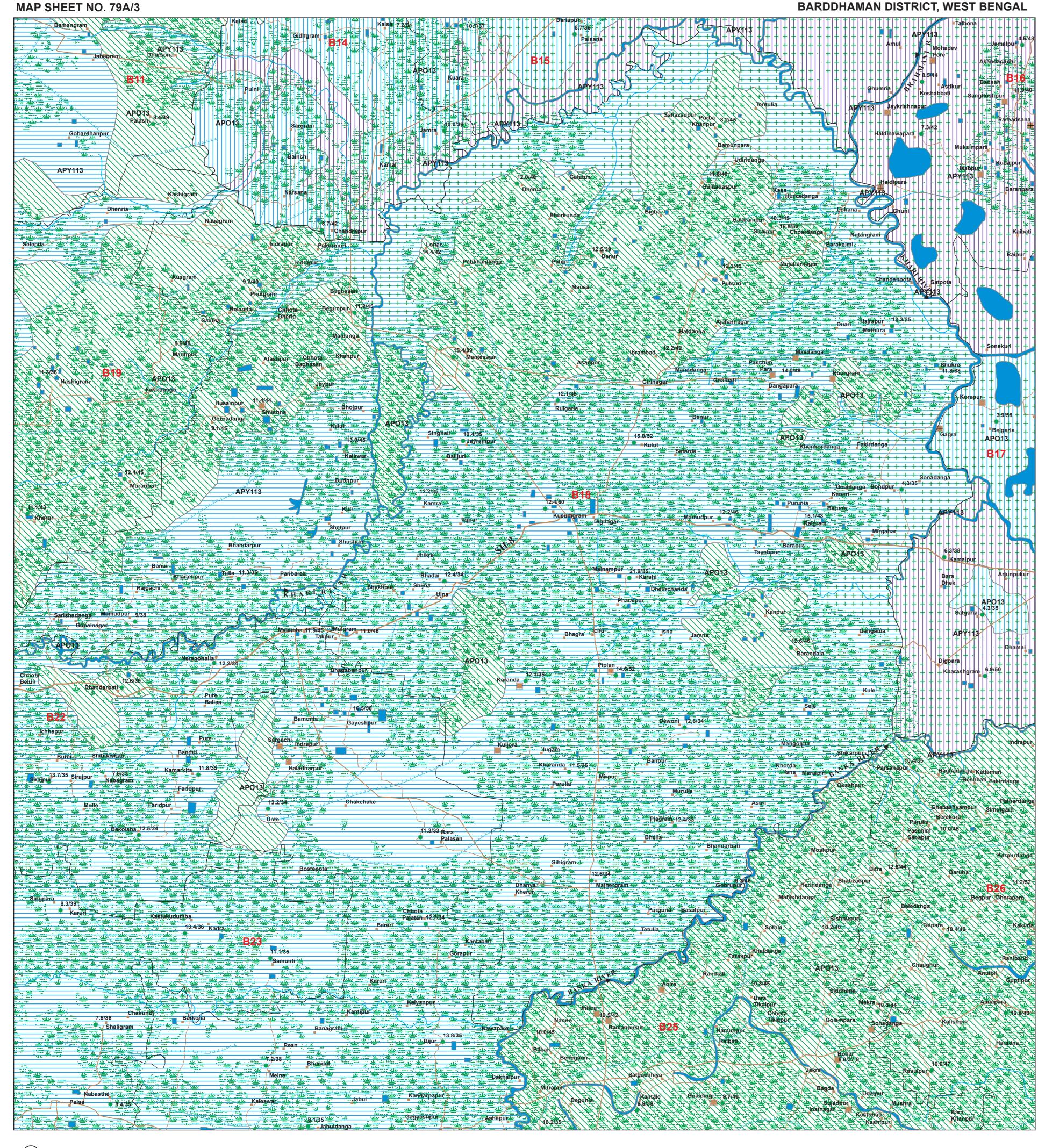
GROUND WATER PROSPECTS MAP

(PREPARED FROM SATELLITE IMAGE INTERPRETATION WITH LIMITED FIELD CHECKS)





NRSC (ISRO), DEPT. OF SPACE, GOVT. OF INDIA

DATA USED: IRS - P6 LISS III FCC dated February 2006, GROUND TRUTH & WELL OBSERVATION during April-May, 2009 & Jan-Feb, 2010, Published Geological maps & Literatures.

Designed & Developed by Hydrogeology Division, NRSC, ISRO

L E G E N D

MAP UNIT GEOLOGICAL SEQUENCE / GEOMORPHIC DEPTH TO RECHARGE CONDITIONS GROUND WATER PROSPECTS RECHARGE OTRUGTURES													
(HYDROGEOMORPHIC UNIT) REPRESENTED IN THE MAP WITH ALPHANUMERIC CODE (COLOUR INDICATES YIELD RANGE AND HATCHING INDICATE DEPTH RANGE)	(REPRESENTED IN THE MAP WITH NUMERIC CODE)	(REPRESENTED IN THE MAP WITH ALPHABETIC CODE)	WATER LEVEL PRE / POST-MONSOON (AVERAGE IN METERS) NO. OF WELLS OBSERVED	CONDITIONS BASED ON AVAILABILITY OF WATER (RAINFALL & OTHER SOURCES)	AQUIFER MATERIAL LS = LOOSE SEDIMENTS PR = PERMEABLE ROCK FIR = FISSURED ROCK FR = FRACTURED ROCK WK /= WEATHERED ROCK / WM WEATHERED MATERIAL IR = IMPERIVIOUS ROCK	TYPE OF WELLS SUITABLE DW = DUG WELL RW = RING WELL BW = BORE WELL TW = TUBE WELL DBW /= DUG CUM-BORE WELL / DTW DUG CUM-TUBE WELL	DEPTH RANGE OF WELLS (SUGGESTED) MIN - MAX (IN METERS)	YIELD RANGE OF WELLS (EXPECTED) (in LPM or m ³ / day)	HOMOGENEITY IN THE UNIT & SUCCESS RATE OF WELLS (PROBABILITY) VERY HIGH HIGH MODERATE LOW	QUALITY OF WATER POTABLE (P) NON - POTABLE (NP) (INDICATE REASONS IF NON POTABLE)	GROUND WATER IRRIGATED AREA (APPROX. RANGE IN PERCENTAGE)	STRUCTURES SUITABLE & PRIORITY PT = PERCOLATION TANK CD = CHECK DAM NB = NALA BUND RW = RECHARGE WELL DT = DESILTING OF TANK RP = RECHARGE PIT SD = SUBSURFACE DYKE RS = RECHARGE SHAFT ST = STORAGE TANK SCM = SOIL CONSERVATION MEASURES	REMARKS (PROBLEMS / LIMITATIONS)
	Present Day)	Alluvial Plain Younger (APY)	4.6 - 11.9 HP - 2	Very Good	LS	TW	80 - 100 m	500 - 600 LPM	Very High	NP (As) [At shallow depth]	Negligible	Not Required	At shallow depth range of 20m to 80m groundwater is non-potable due to arsenic contamination primarily. At depth range of above100m, arsenic free ground water may be available.
	Alluvium (Sand and Silt) (Coe a a b a color of a color	Alluvial Plain Younger (APY)	4.6 - 11.9 HP - 2	Very Good	LS	DW TW	10 -12 20 - 30	100 - 125 m³/day 200 - 250 LPM	Very High	P	Negligible	Not Required	Aquifer is formed of sandy part of alluvium Recharge structures are not required as good recharge condition prevails
APO13	D Early Holocene) Mat Formation Carly Holocene) Mainimilar (Sand, Silt and Cl) Carly Holocene)	Alluvial Plain Older (APO)	3.9 - 21.9 PW - 7 HP - 57	Good	LS	TW	100 - 120	300 - 400 LPM	High	NP (As) [At shallow depth]	40%	Not Required	At shallow depth range of 20m to 80m groundwater is non-potable due to arsenic contamination primarily. At depth range of above 100m, arsenic free ground water may be available.
	Sijua/Rampur (Lt Pleistocene to (13)	Alluvial Plain Older (APO)	8.0 - 16.8 PW - 4 HP - 25	Good	LS	DW TW	15 - 20 30 - 50	50 - 75 m³/day 150 - 200 LPM	High	Р	20%	Not Required	Aquifer is formed of sandy part of alluvium Recharge structures are not required as good recharge condition prevails
FF//	These a						tly higher and wells	are likely to be susta	inable for longer dura	ation. However, the inf	erred fractures need to	be confirmed by detailed ground su	rveys.
DD /QQ / DD /QQ /		e are dykes, quartz reefs and eld range of wells may vary w the recharge structures show					/ inferred from the	satellite image are	indicated on the n	nap. There could be d be identified base	some obscured frac	tures which also influence the g	round water prospects. surveys.

