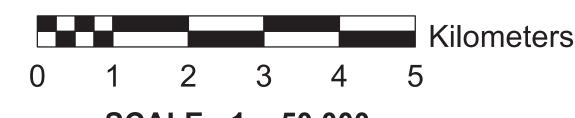
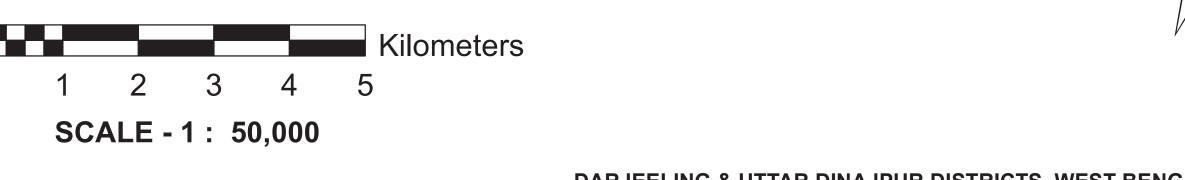
GROUND WATER PROSPECTS MAP

(PREPARED FROM SATELLITE IMAGE INTERPRETATION WITH LIMITED FIELD CHECKS)





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Totagachh Paragachh Paragachh Mafreilaina Dangapara Lahugachh Phatangagachh Phatangagachh Phatangagachh AC43 Daimukata Maraugachh Bualigachh Bualigachh	DARJEELII			O. 78B/3	MAP SHEET NO. 7
APY113 Dauk Nath	R	A	H	B	
APY113 APY113	256				

NRSC (ISRO), DEPT. OF SPACE, GOVT. OF INDIA

DATA USED: IRS - P6 LISS III FCC dated February 2009, March 2009 & Nov 2011, GROUND TRUTH & WELL OBSERVATION during February-March 2011, Published GSI & SOI maps.

Designed & Developed by Hydrogeology Division, NRSC, ISRO

LEGEND

	L E G E N D MAP UNIT GEOLOGICAL SEQUENCE / GEOMORPHIC DEPTH TO RECHARGE GROUND WATER PROSPECTS									RECHARGE			
MAP UNIT (HYDROGEOMORPHIC UNIT) REPRESENTED IN THE MAP WITH ALPHANUMERIC CODE (COLOUR INDICATES YIELD RANGE AND HATCHING INDICATE DEPTH RANGE)	GEOLOGICAL SEQUENCE / ROCK TYPE (REPRESENTED IN THE MAP WITH NUMERIC CODE)	GEOMORPHIC UNIT / LANDFORM PRE / POST- MONSOON (AVERAGE IN METERS) NO. OF WELLS OBSERVED NO. OF WELLS OBSERVED	CONDITIONS BASED ON AVAILABILITY OF WATER (RAINFALL & OTHER SOURCES)	AQUIFER MATERIAL LS = LOOSE SEDIMENTS PR = PERMEABLE ROCK FIR = FISSURED ROCK FR = FRACTURED ROCK WR /= WEATHERED ROCK / WM WEATHERED MATERIAL IR = IMPERIVIOUS ROCK	TYPE OF WELLS SUITABLE DW = DUG WELL RW = RING WELL BW = BORE WELL TW = TUBE WELL DBW /= DUG CUM-BORE WELL / DTW DUG CUM-TUBE WELL	DEPTH RANGE OF WELLS (SUGGESTED) MIN - MAX (IN METERS)	YIELD RANGE OF WELLS (EXPECTED) (in LPM or m³/day)	HOMOGENEITY IN THE UNIT & SUCCESS RATE OF WELLS (PROBABILITY) VERY HIGH HIGH MODERATE LOW	QUALITY OF WATER POTABLE (P) NON - POTABLE (NP) (INDICATE REASONS IF NON POTABLE)	GROUND WATER IRRIGATED AREA (APPROX. RANGE IN PERCENTAGE)	STRUCTURES SUITABLE & PRIORITY PT = PERCOLATION TANK CD = CHECK DAM NB = NALA BUND RW = RECHARGE WELL DT = DESILTING OF TANK RP = RECHARGE PIT SD = SUBSURFACE DYKE RS = RECHARGE SHAFT ST = STORAGE TANK SCM = SOIL CONSERVATION MEASURES	REMARKS (PROBLEMS / LIMITATIONS)	
	σ -	Braid Bar (BB)	No Well Observed	Excellent	LS	TW	5- 10 m	400- 500LPM	Very High	P	Nil	Not Required	Highly productive shallow aquifer with good recharge from the river base flow.
PB111	a y D e p o s :	Point Bar (PB)	No Well Observed	Very Good	LS	RW TW	5-10 m	300-400 LPM	Very High	P	Nil	Not Required	Groundwater prospects very high with high recharge potential. Recharge structures not required.
OL111	Alluvium (Sand Dominant) (111)	Oxbow Lake (OL)	No Well Observed	Good	LS	TW	20-30 m	200-300 LPM	Moderate	Р	Nil	Not Required	Though occur as waterbodies, but highly productive aquifer occurs at depth.
CM111	n Formation (Presen	Cut-off Meander (CM)	No Well Observed	Good	LS	RW TW	10-20m	300- 400 LPM	High	P	Nil	Not Required	Highly productive shallow aquifers with good recharge from the river base flow.
FP111	0 m D T m C C S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Flood Plain (FP)	No Well Observed	Very Good	LS	RW	<30 m	250-350 LPM	Very High	P	Nil	Not Required	Potable water available at shallow depth.
APY113	Ganga- Koshi Formation Cene) Cene) Cene) Mation (Cene) (Ce	Alluvial Plain Younger (APY)	4/1	Good	LS	RW TW	25-30 m	200- 250 LPM	High	Р	20	Not Required	Highly productive aquifer at shallow depth with good recharge.
AC13	Manual Ma	Abandoned Channel (AC)	No Well Observed	Excellent to Very Good	LS	RW TW	10-15 m	250 - 300 LPM	Very High	P	Nil	Not Required	Highly productive shallow depth aquifers with good recharge from base flow.
FF// DD /QQ / DD /QQ /	These are fa				hard rocks. Along these zone:		y higher and wells are	e likely to be sustainab	ble for longer duratio	n. However, the inferred	I fractures need to be c	onfirmed by detailed ground surveys.	
<u>-</u>													
	N.BThe depth range and yield Locations of the	l range of wells may vary recharge structures sho	within the unit because of wn in the map are tentative	certain inhomogeneities e. This map is useful for	. Fractures/Lineaments wh narrowing down the target	ich are clearly observed zones,and exact location	/inferred from the n on the ground for	satellite image are i wells and recharge	ndicated on the m structures should	ap. There could be so I be identified based	ome obscured fractu on follow-up ground	res which also influence the groun hydrogeological/geophysical surv	nd water prospects. eys.

