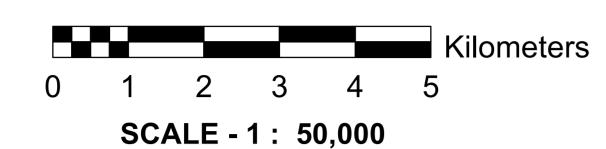
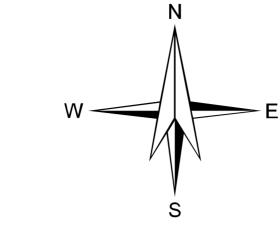
GROUND WATER PROSPECTS MAP

(PREPARED FROM SATELLITE IMAGE INTERPRETATION WITH LIMITED FIELD CHECKS)





MAP SHEET NO. 73N/9 + + + + + + + APY113 + Karasia 11/4X/1/4/1/4/4/4/4/4///AA////AA/4/4/X// = 44/4/// Ranigani + + + + + 1114444

NRSC (ISRO), DEPT. OF SPACE, GOVT. OF INDIA DATA USED: IRS - P6 LISS III FCC dated September 2005-February 2006, GROUND TRUTH & WELL OBSERVATION during March-June, 2012 & Oct 2012-Jan 2013, Published Geological maps & Literatures. Designed & Developed by Hydrogeology Division, NRSC, ISRO

LEGEND

MAP UNIT	GEOLOGICAL SEQUENCE / ROCK TYPE (REPRESENTED IN THE MAP WITH NUMERIC CODE)		DEPTH TO WATER LEVEL	RECHARGE CONDITIONS	GROUND WATER PROSPECTS							RECHARGE STRUCTURES SUITABLE &	
(HYDROGEOMORPHIC UNIT) REPRESENTED IN THE MAP WITH ALPHANUMERIC CODE (COLOUR INDICATES YIELD RANGE AND HATCHING INDICATE DEPTH RANGE)		` THE MAP WITH	PRE / POST- MONSOON (AVERAGE IN METERS) NO. OF WELLS OBSERVED	BASED ON AVAILABILITY OF WATER (RAINFALL & OTHER SOURCES)	AQUIFER MATERIAL LS = LOOSE SEDIMENTS PR = PERMEABLE ROCK FIR = FISSURED ROCK FR = FRACTURED ROCK WR /= WEATHERED ROCK / WM WEATHERED MATERIAL IR = IMPERIVIOUS ROCK	TYPE OF WELLS SUITABLE DW = DUG WELL RW = RING WELL BW = BORE WELL TW = TUBE WELL DBW /= DUG CUM-BORE WELL / DTW DUG CUM-TUBE WELL	DEPTH RANGE OF WELLS (SUGGESTED) MIN - MAX (IN METERS)	YIELD RANGE OF WELLS (EXPECTED) (in LPM or m ³ /day)	HOMOGENEITY IN THE UNIT & SUCCESS RATE OF WELLS (PROBABILITY) VERY HIGH HIGH MODERATE LOW	QUALITY OF WATER POTABLE (P) NON - POTABLE (NP) (INDICATE REASONS IF NON POTABLE)	GROUND WATER IRRIGATED AREA (APPROX. RANGE IN PERCENTAGE)	PRIORITY PT = PERCOLATION TANK CD = CHECK DAM NB = NALA BUND RW = RECHARGE WELL DT = DESILTING OF TANK RP = RECHARGE PIT SD = SUBSURFACE DYKE RS = RECHARGE SHAFT ST = STORAGE TANK SCM = SOIL CONSERVATION MEASURE	REMARKS (PROBLEMS / LIMITATIONS)
CB111	Hugli/Bhagirathi Formation/Present day Deposits (Present Day) (S) (111) (Hugli/Bhagirathi Formation/Present day Deposits) (Present Day)	Channel Bar (CB)	No well observed	Excellant	LS	RW TW	5-10 m	400-500 LPM	Very High	Р	Nil	Not Required	Groundwater prospects very hig with high recharge potential. Recharge structures not require
PB111		Point Bar (PB)	No well observed	Very Good	LS	RW TW	5-10 m	300-400 LPM	Very High	P	Nil	Not Required	Groundwater prospects very hig with high recharge potential. Recharge structures not require
CM111		Cut-off Meander (CM)	No well observed	Very Good	LS	RW TW	10-15 m	200-300 LPM	Very High	P	Nil	Not Required	Potable water available at shall depth.
APY113	Panskura Formation Early to Late Holocene (Str)	Alluvial Plain Younger (APY)	10 / 6	Good	LS	TW	25-30 m	200-300 LPM	High	Р	28.8	Not Required	Potable water available at shall depth.
APOX3	Sijua Formation (Lt Pleistocene-Er Holocene) (Rt Pleistocene) (Rt Pleistocene) (Rt Pleistocene)		<u>11 / 6</u> 70	Moderate to Good	LS	TW	40-60 m	150-200 LPM	Moderate to High	P	71.1	RW Moderate to Low	Moderate groundwater potentia at intermediate depths.
LP211	Laterite (Ferrita de la constanta de la consta	teritic	<u>11 / 7</u> 3	Limited	WM+FR	TW	50-60 m	50-100 LPM	Moderate	P	Nil	RW High	Areas of exposed lithomarge of Fracture zones form the aquifore recharge structures will enhar groundwater development.
DLU211	Middle to Upper P (Middle to Upper P (Middle to Upper P (Z11))	Dissected Lateritic Upland (DLU)	No well observed	Poor to Limited	WM+IR (Impervious Material)	TW	80-100 m	30-50 LPM	Low	Р	Nil	Not Required	Essentially run-off zone where ha capping is present. Areas of nodular laterites are recharge zone deep water table conditions. Prim forest areas with sparse settleme Not suitable for large scale development of groundwater.
F// —	Th	ese are fault / fracture zones, which g	generally act as conduits for n	ovement of ground water in	hard rocks. Along these zone	the yields are significantl	y higher and wells are	 e likely to be sustaina	ble for longer duratio	n. However, the inferre	d fractures need to be o	confirmed by detailed ground surve	l eys.
D /QQ ,	/ PP T	nese are dykes, quartz reefs an	d pegmatite veins, which	generally act as barriers	for ground water moveme	ent.							

